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required (*i.e.*, pre-employment, return-to-duty, or follow-up tests).

- (5) If the employee is unable to provide an explanation and/or a valid prescription for a medication that interfered with the immunoassay test but denies having adulterated the specimen, you must:
- (i) Place a check mark in the "Test Cancelled" box (Step 6) on Copy 2 of the CCF and enter "Invalid Result" and "direct observation collection required" on the "Remarks" line.
- (ii) Report to the DER that the test is cancelled, the reason for cancellation, and that a second collection must take place immediately under direct observation.
- (iii) Instruct the employer to ensure that the employee has the minimum possible advance notice that he or she must go to the collection site.
- (b) You may only report an invalid test result when you are in possession of a legible copy of Copy 1 of the CCF. In addition, you must have Copy 2 of the CCF, a legible copy of it, or any other copy of the CCF containing the employee's signature.
- (c) If the employee admits to having adulterated or substituted the specimen, you must, on the same day, write and sign your own statement of what the employee told you. You must then report a refusal to test in accordance with $\S40.163$.

§ 40.161 What does the MRO do when a drug test specimen is rejected for testing?

As the MRO, when the laboratory reports that the specimen is rejected for testing (e.g., because of a fatal or uncorrected flaw), you must do the following:

- (a) Place a check mark in the "Test Cancelled" box (Step 6) on Copy 2 of the CCF and enter the reason on the "Remarks" line.
- (b) Report to the DER that the test is cancelled and the reason for cancellation, and that no further action is required unless a negative test is required (e.g., in the case of a pre-employment, return-to-duty, or follow-up test).
- (c) You may only report a test cancelled because of a rejected for testing test result when you are in possession

of a legible copy of Copy 1 of the CCF. In addition, you must have Copy 2 of the CCF, a legible copy of it, or any other copy of the CCF containing the employee's signature.

$\$\,40.163$ How does the MRO report drug test results?

- (a) As the MRO, it is your responsibility to report all drug test results to the employer.
- (b) You may use a signed or stamped and dated legible photocopy of Copy 2 of the CCF to report test results.
- (c) If you do not report test results using Copy 2 of the CCF for this purpose, you must provide a written report (e.g., a letter) for each test result. This report must, as a minimum, include the following information:
- (1) Full name, as indicated on the CCF, of the employee tested;
- (2) Specimen ID number from the CCF and the donor SSN or employee ID number;
- (3) Reason for the test, if indicated on the CCF (e.g., random, post-accident);
 - (4) Date of the collection;
- (5) Date you received Copy 2 of the CCF;
- (6) Result of the test (i.e., positive, negative, dilute, refusal to test, test cancelled) and the date the result was verified by the MRO;
- (7) For verified positive tests, the drug(s)/metabolite(s) for which the test was positive;
- (8) For cancelled tests, the reason for cancellation; and
- (9) For refusals to test, the reason for the refusal determination (e.g., in the case of an adulterated test result, the name of the adulterant).
- (d) As an exception to the reporting requirements of paragraph (b) and (c) of this section, the MRO may report negative results using an electronic data file.
- (1) If you report negatives using an electronic data file, the report must contain, as a minimum, the information specified in paragraph (c) of this section, as applicable for negative test results
- (2) In addition, the report must contain your name, address, and phone number, the name of any person other than you reporting the results, and the